



LOGIQ™ E10

Specifications sheet

The LOGIQ E10 is GE's leadership ultrasound imaging system designed for abdominal, vascular, obstetric, gynecologic, neonatal, pediatric, urological, transcranial, cardiac and small parts applications.



General specifications

Dimensions and weight

(Dimensions given with floating keyboard stowed and display tilted for transport)

Height	1300 mm (51")
Width	585 mm (23")
Depth	900.9 mm (35.5")
Weight	126 kg (278 lbs)

Electrical power

Voltage 100 – 240 VAC

Frequency 50/60 Hz

Power consumption maximum of 0.9 KVA with peripherals

Console design

4 active probe ports

2 inactive probe storage ports

Integrated HDD (1 TB) and SSD (128 GB)

Integrated DVD-R Multi Drive

On-board storage of thermal printer

Integrated speakers with sub-woofer for premium sound

Integrated locking mechanism that provides rolling lock and caster swivel lock

Integrated cable management

Front and rear handles

Easily removable air filters

Touch screen

12.1" high-resolution, color, touch, display screen

Interactive dynamic software menu

Brightness adjustment

User-configurable layout

Display monitor

22" wide screen high-resolution OLED display

Display translation (independent of console)

350 mm (13.7") horizontal (both directions)

150 mm (5.9") vertical

90° swivel (both directions)

Fold-down and lock mechanism for transportation

Resolution: 1920 x 1080

Anti-glare

Viewing angle 89/89/89°

System overview

Applications

Abdominal

Obstetrical

Gynecological

Breast

Small Parts

Peripheral Vascular

Transcranial (adult and neonatal)

Pediatric and neonatal

Musculoskeletal (general and superficial)

Urological

Cardiac (adult and pediatric)

Operating modes

B-Mode

M-Mode

Color Flow Mode (CFM)

B-Flow™

User interface

Operator keyboard

Floating keyboard adjustable in three dimensions

- Height
- Rotation
- Extension

Full-sized, backlit alphanumeric keyboard

Ergonomic hard key layout

Interactive back-lighting

Integrated recording keys for remote control of up to 4 peripheral or DICOM® devices

Integrated gel warmer (option)

System overview (cont.)

Operating modes (cont.)

Extended field of view (LOGIQView)

Power Doppler Imaging (PDI)

PW Doppler

CW Doppler (option)

Volume Modes (3D/4D)
(option)

- 3D Static
- 4D Real Time

Anatomical M-Mode

Coded Contrast Imaging (option)

Strain elastography

Shear wave elastography (Option)

Scanning methods

Electronic sector

Electronic convex

Electronic linear

Mechanical volume sweep

Transducer types

Sector phased array

Convex array

Micro convex array

Linear array

Matrix array

Volume probes (4D)

Convex array

Split crystal

System standard features

Advanced user interface with high-resolution 12.1" display touch panel

Automatic optimization

CrossXBeam™

Speckle Reduction Imaging (SRI-HD)

Fine angle steer

Coded harmonic imaging

Virtual convex

Patient information database

System standard features (cont.)

Image archive on integrated CD/DVD and hard drive

Advanced 3D

Raw data analysis

Real-time automatic doppler calculations

OB calculations

Fetal trending

Multigestational calculations

Hip dysplasia calculations

Gynecological calculations

Vascular calculations

Urological calculations

Renal calculations

Cardiac calculations

InSite™ capability

On-board electronic documentation

Tricefy™

Auto CF/PW positioning feature

Privacy and security

DICOM

B-Flow

LOGIQView

Compare Assistant

Scan Assistant

Auto IMT

Breast productivity package

Thyroid productivity package

OB measure assistant

Color quantification

Strain elastography

External USB printer connection

HDMI output available for compatible devices

Options

Power assistant

Storage bins

System overview (cont.)

Peripheral options

Integrated options for	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Digital B&W thermal printerDVD video recorder
Digital color thermal printer	
Digital A6 color thermal printer	
Foot switch, with programmable functionality	
Console protective cover	
LOGIQ smart device apps	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Photo AssistantRemote Control

Multi-image (split/quad screen)

Live and/or frozen
B or CrossXBeam + B or CrossXBeam/CFM or PDI
PW/M
Independent Cine playback

Display annotation

Patient name: first, last and middle	
Patient ID	
Alternate patient ID	
Age, sex and date of birth	
Hospital name	<ul style="list-style-type: none">MM/DD/YYDD/MM/YYYY/MM/DD
Date format: three types selectable	<ul style="list-style-type: none">24 hours12 hours
Time format: two types selectable	
Gestational age from	<ul style="list-style-type: none">LMPGAEDDBBT

Virtual convex

Simultaneous capability

B or CrossXBeam/PW
B or CrossXBeam/CW (option)
B or CrossXBeam/CFM or PDI
B/M
B/CrossXBeam
B-Flow/PW
Real-time Triplex Mode
(B or CrossXBeam + CFM or PDI/PW)

Probe name

Map names

Probe orientation

Depth scale marker

Lateral scale marker

Image depth

Zoom depth

B-Mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none">GainDynamic rangeImaging frequencyFrame averagingGray mapSRI-HD
M-Mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none">GainDynamic rangeTime scale

Selectable alternating modes

B or CrossXBeam/PW
B or CrossXBeam + CFM (PDI)/PW
B/CW (option)

System overview (cont.)

Display annotation (cont.)

Doppler Mode

- Gain
- Angle
- Sample volume depth and width
- Wall filter
- Velocity and/or frequency scale
- Spectrum inversion
- Time scale
- PRF
- Doppler frequency

Color Flow Doppler Mode

- Line density
- Frame averaging
- Color scale: 3 types: power, directional PDI, and symmetrical velocity imaging
- Color velocity range and baseline
- Color threshold marker
- Color gain
- PDI
- Spectrum inversion
- Doppler frequency

TGC curve

Acoustic frame rate

CINE gage, image number/frame number

Body pattern: multiple human and animal types

Application name

Measurement results

Operator message

Displayed acoustic output

- TIS: Thermal Index Soft Tissue
- TIC: Thermal Index Cranial (Bone)
- TIB: Thermal Index Bone
- MI: Mechanical Index

% of maximum power output

Biopsy guide line and zone

Heart rate

System setup (cont.)

Languages: English, French, German, Spanish, Italian, Brazilian Portuguese, Russian, Greek, Swedish, Danish, Dutch, Finnish, Norwegian

OB Report Formats including Tokyo

Univ., Osaka Univ., USA, Europe and ASUM

User defined annotations

Body patterns

Customized comment home position

Complete user manual available on board through Help (F1)

User manual and service manual are included on USB with each system. A printed manual is available upon request.

CINE memory/image memory

1 GB of CINE memory

Selectable CINE sequence for CINE review

Prospective CINE mark

Measurements/calculations and annotations on CINE playback

Scrolling timeline memory

Dual Image CINE display

Quad Image CINE display

CINE gauge and CINE image number display

CINE review loop

CINE review speed

Image storage

On-board database of patient information from past exams

Storage formats: DICOM

- Compressed/uncompressed
- Single/multi-frame
- Enhanced (3D/4D)
- With/without raw data

Export JPEG, JPEG 2000, WMV (MPEG 4) formats

Storage devices

- USB memory stick: 64 MB to 64 GB (for exporting individual images/clips)
- CD-R storage: 700 MB
- DVD storage: -R (4.7 GB)
- Hard drive image storage: ~830 GB

Compare previous exam images with current exam

Reload of archived data sets

General system parameters

System setup

Pre-programmed categories

User programmable preset capability

Factory default preset data

General system parameters (cont.)

Connectivity

Ethernet network connection

Wireless LAN 802.11ac/a/b/g/n (option)

DICOM 3.0

- Verify
- Print
- Store
- Modality worklist
- Storage commitment
- Modality performed procedure step (MPPS)
- Media exchange
- Off network/mobile storage queue
- Query/retrieve

Public SR template

Structured reporting – compatible with vascular and OB, cardiac and breast standard

InSite capability

Advanced privacy and security (option)

Physiological input panel (option)

Physiological input

- ECG, 1 channel
- PCG, 1 channel
- AUX, 1 channel
- Dual R-Trigger
- Pre-settable ECG R delay time
- Pre-settable ECG position
- Adjustable ECG gain control
- Pre-settable PCG position
- Adjustable PCG gain control
- Pre-settable AUX position
- Adjustable AUX gain control

Automatic heart rate display

Auto Ejection Fraction

Report writer (option)

On-board reporting package automates report writing

Formats various exam results into a report suitable for printing or reviewing on a standard PC

Exam results include patient info, exam info, measurements, calculations, images, and comments standard templates provided

Customizable templates

Scanning parameters

cSound™ Imageformer: 11,750,000 channels

Frame rate: 9,766 Hz maximum

Displayed imaging depth: 0 – 50 cm

Minimum depth of field: 0 – 2 cm (zoom, probe dependent)

Maximum depth of field: 0 – 50 cm (probe dependent)

Continuous dynamic receive focus/continuous dynamic receive aperture

291 dB dynamic range

System frequency range: 0.7 – 18.7 MHz

Adjustable field of view (FOV)

Image reverse: Right/left

Image rotation of 0°, 180°

Digital B-Mode

Adjustable

- Acoustic power
- Gain
- Dynamic range
- Frame averaging
- Gray scale map
- Frequency
- Speed of sound (application dependent)
- Framerate
- Scanning size (FOV or Angle – Depending on the probe, see probe specifications)
- CrossXBeam
- B colorization
- Reject
- Suppression
- SRI-HD

Digital M-Mode

Adjustable

- Acoustic power
- Gain
- Dynamic range
- Gray scale map
- Frequency
- Sweep speed
- M colorization
- M display format
- Rejection

General system parameters (cont.)

Anatomical M-Mode

M-mode cursor adjustable at any plane

Can be activated from a CINE loop from a live or stored image

M & A capability

Available with Color Flow Mode

Digital Power Doppler Imaging

Adjustable

- Acoustic power: 25 – 100%
- Color maps, including velocity-variance maps: 17
- Gain: -20 to 30 dB/101 steps
- Wall filter: 0 – 3/4 steps
- Packet size: 5 – 24/9 steps
- Frame average: 0 – 10/11 steps
- Line density
- Spatial filter
- Steering angle (Linear): 0 – 20°
- Frame average: 0 – 10/11 steps
- Threshold: 0 – 100%/11 steps
- Accumulation mode: 8 levels
- Flash suppression
- Shortcuts
- Microvascular imaging (MVI, probe dependent)

Digital Spectral Doppler Mode

Adjustable

- Acoustic power: 25 – 100%
- Gain: 0 – 85 dB/1 dB steps
- Dynamic range: 0.5 – 2.4 dB/9 steps
- Gray scale maps: 8
- Transmit frequency: Up to 8 steps
- Wall filter: 0 – 26/27 steps
- PW colorization: 6 maps
- Velocity scale range: 10 – 1000 cm/s
- Sweep speed: 0 – 7/8 steps
- Sample volume length: 0.5 – 16 mm/13 steps
- Angle correction: -90 to 90°/1 degree steps
- Steered linear: 0-20°
- Spectrum inversion
- Trace method
- Baseline shift: 0 – 100%/11 steps
- Doppler auto trace
- Time resolution: 1 – 12 seconds
- Compression
- Trace direction
- Trace sensitivity

Continuous Wave Doppler (option)

Available on M5Sc-D, 6Tc-RS, and P2D probes

Steerable CW mode included

Adjustable

- Acoustic power
- Gain
- Dynamic range
- Gray scale map
- Transmit frequency
- Wall filter
- CW colorization
- Velocity scale range
- Sweep speed
- Angle correction
- Spectrum inversion
- Trace method
- Baseline shift
- Doppler auto trace
- Compression
- Trace direction
- Trace sensitivity

Digital Color Flow Mode

Adjustable

- Acoustic power: 25 – 100%
- Color maps, including velocity-variance maps: 13
- Gain
- Velocity scale range: 1 – 300 cm/s
- Wall filter: 0 – 3/4 steps
- Packet size: 5 – 24/9 steps
- Line density
- Spatial filter
- Steering angle (linear): 0 – 20°
- Baseline shift: 0 – 100%/11 steps
- Frame average: 0 – 10/11 steps
- Threshold: 0 – 100%
- Accumulation mode: 8 levels
- Flash suppression
- Auto ROI placement and steering on linear

Automatic optimization

Optimize B-Mode image to help improve contrast resolution

Selectable amount of contrast resolution improvement (low, medium, high)

Auto-spectral optimize – adjusts baseline, invert, PRF (on live image), and angle correction

Auto CF and PW positioning – adjusts ROI position, sample volume position and steering

General system parameters (cont.)

Coded Harmonic Imaging

Available on all 2D and 4D probes

B-Flow

Available on C1-6-D, C1-6VN-D, C2-7-D, C2-7VN-D, C2-7-D-LC, C2-9-D, C2-9VN-D, C3-10-D, L2-9-D, L2-9VN-D, ML6-15-D, M5Sc-D and L8-18i-D probes

Background

Sensitivity/PRI

Acoustic power

Frequency

Line density

Frame average

Gray scale map

Tint map

Dynamic range

Rejection

Gain

Suppression

SRI-HD

Accumulation

B Steer+

Available on the following probes: L2-9-D, ML6-15-D, L8-18i-D

Coded contrast imaging (option)

Available on C1-6-D, C1-6VN-D, C2-9-D, C2-9VN-D, C2-7-D, C2-7VN-D, C2-7-D-LC, C3-10-D, IC5-9-D, L2-9-D, L2-9VN-D, ML6-15-D, RAB6-D, RIC5-9-D, M5Sc-D

2 contrast timers

Timed updates: 0.05 – 10 seconds

Accumulation mode, seven levels

Maximum enhance mode

Flash

Time intensity curve (TIC) analysis

Parametric imaging

Coded contrast imaging (option) (cont.)

The LOGIQ E10 is designed for compatibility with most commercially available ultrasound contrast agents. Because the availability of these agents is subject to government regulation and approval, product features intended for use with these agents may not be commercially marketed nor made available before the contrast agent is cleared for use. Contrast related product features are enabled only on systems for delivery to an authorized country or region of use.

LOGIQView

Extended field of view imaging

Up to 160 cm (63") scan length

Available on all 2D imaging probes

For use in B-Mode

CrossXBeam is available on linear probes

Auto detection of scan direction

Pre-or post-process zoom

Rotation

Auto best fit on monitor

Measurements in B-Mode

3D

Allows unlimited rotation and planar translations

3D reconstruction from CINE sweep

Advanced 3D

Acquisition of color data

Automatic rendering

3D landscape technology

3D movie

General system parameters (cont.)

Real Time 4D (option)		Scan assistant
Acquisition modes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Real Time 4D• Static 3D• Spatio-Temporal Image Correlation	Factory programs
Visualization modes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 3D rendering (diverse surface and intensity projection modes)• Sectional planes (3 section planes perpendicular to each other)• OmniView• Volume contrast imaging-static• Volume contrast imaging – OmniView• Tomographic ultrasound imaging	User-defined programs Steps include image annotations, mode transitions, basic imaging controls and measurement initiation
Render mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Surface texture, surface smooth, max-, min- and X-ray (average intensity projection), mix mode of two render modes• HDlive™	Compare assistant Allows side-by-side comparison of previous ultrasound and other modality exams during live scanning
Curved 3-point render start		Breast productivity package
3D movie		Auto measurement
Scalpel: 3D cut tool		Worksheet summary includes measurements and locations for lesions and lymph nodes
Display format	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Quad: A-/B-/C-Plane/3D• Dual: A-Plane/3D• Single: 3D or A- or B- or C-Plane	Feature assessment
Automated volume calculation – VOCAL II		BI-RADS® assessment
Betaview		User editable
Volume navigation (Option)		Thyroid productivity package
Available on the C1-6VN-D, C2-9VN-D, C2-7VN-D, C3-10-D, L2-9VN-D, ML6-15-D, IC5-9-D, and L8-18i-D probes		Auto measurement
Sensor-based acquisition		Worksheet summary includes measurements and locations for nodule, parathyroid and lymph node
Position markers		Feature assessment
Needle tip tracking		User editable
Virtual tracking		
Auto image registration		
Tru3D feature includes	Display of data in: main-, parallel-, angular-mode	Shear Wave Elastography (option)
Render modes: gray surface, texture, min-, max-, average-intensity		Available on C1-6-D, C1-6VN-D, L2-9-D and L2-9VN-D probes
Measurements: distance, angle, area, volume		User programmable measurement display in kPa and meters per second
3D movie		Single and dual view display
Strain elastography		
Available on ML6-15-D, L2-9-D, L2-9VN-D, IC5-9-D, C2-9-D, C2-9VN-D, C1-6-D, and C1-6VN-D probes		
Relative analysis tool		
Quantitative flow analysis		
Available in color and power doppler		

General system parameters (cont.)

TVI (Option)

Myocardial doppler imaging with color overlay on tissue image

Available on M5Sc-D and 6Tc-RS transducers

Tissue color overlay can be removed to show just the 2D image, still retaining the tissue velocity information

Curved anatomical M-Mode: Free (curved) drawing of M-Mode generated from the cursor independent from the axial plane

Q-Analysis: Multiple time -motion trace display from selected points in the myocardium

Stress echo (option)

Advanced and flexible stress echo examination capabilities

Provides exercise and pharmacological protocol templates

6 default templates

Template editor for user configuration of existing templates or creation of new templates

Reference scan display during acquisition for stress level comparison (dual screen)

Baseline level/previous level selectable

Raw data continuous capture

Over 100 sec. available

Wall motion scoring (bulls-eye and segmental)

Smart stress: Automatically set up various scanning parameters (e.g. geometry, frequency, gain) according to same projection on previous level

Auto EF

Allows semi-automatic measurement of the global EF (Ejection Fraction)

User editable

Cardiac AFI (option)

Allows assessment of the complete left ventricle with all segments at a glance by combining three longitudinal views into one comprehensive bulls-eye view

2D strain based data moves into clinical practice

Virtual convex

Provides a convex field of view

Compatible with CrossXBeam

Available on all linear and sector transducers

SRI-HD

Speckle reduction imaging

Provides multiple levels of speckle reduction

Compatible with side-by-side DualView display

Compatible with all linear, convex and sector transducers

Compatible w/B-Mode, color, contrast agent and 3D/4D imaging

CrossXBeam

Provides variable angle spatial compounding

Live side-by-side DualView display

Compatible with

- Color mode
- PW
- SRI-HD
- Coded harmonic imaging
- Virtual convex

Available on all curved and linear probes

Controls available while “live”

Write zoom

B/M/CrossXBeam-Mode

- Gain
- TGC
- Dynamic range
- Acoustic output
- Framerate control
- Sweep speed for M-Mode
- CrossXBeam angle

PW-Mode

- Gain
- Dynamic range
- Acoustic output
- Transmission frequency
- PRF
- Wall filter
- Spectral averaging
- Sample volume gate: length, depth
- Velocity scale

Color Flow Mode

- CFM gain
- CFM velocity range
- Acoustic output
- Wall echo filter
- Packet size
- Frame rate control
- CFM spatial filter
- CFM frame averaging
- CFM line resolution
- Frequency/velocity baseline shift

General system parameters (cont.)

Controls available on “freeze” or recall

Automatic optimization

SRI-HD

CrossXBeam – display non-compounded and compounded image simultaneously in split screen

3D reconstruction from a stored CINE loop

B/M/CrossXBeam mode

- Gray map optimization
- TGC
- Colorized B and M
- Frame average (loops only)
- Dynamic range

Anatomical M-Mode

Max Read Zoom to 8x

Baseline shift

Sweep speed

PW mode

- Gray map
- Post gain
- Baseline shift
- Sweep speed
- Invert spectral wave form
- Compression
- Rejection
- Colorized spectrum
- Display format
- Doppler audio
- Angle correct
- Quick angle correct
- Auto angle correct

Color flow

- Overall gain (loops and stills)
- Color map
- Transparency map
- Frame averaging (loops only)
- Flash suppression
- CFM display threshold
- Spectral invert for color/doppler

Anatomical M-Mode on cine loop

4D

- Gray map, colorize
- Post gain
- Change display – single, dual, quad sectional or rendered

Measurements/calculations

General B-Mode

Depth and distance

Circumference (ellipse/trace)

Area (ellipse/trace)

Volume (ellipsoid)

% Stenosis (area or diameter)

Angle between two lines

Dual B-Mode capability

General M-Mode

M-Depth

Distance

Time

Slope

Heart rate

General Doppler measurements/calculations

Velocity

Time

A/B ratio (velocities/frequency ratio)

PS (Peak Systole)

ED (End Diastole)

PS/ED (PS/ED Ratio)

ED/PS (ED/PS Ratio)

AT (Acceleration Time)

ACCEL (Acceleration)

TAMAX (Time Averaged Maximum Velocity)

Volume flow (TAMEAN and vessel area)

Heart rate

PI (Pulsatility Index)

RI (Resistivity Index)

Measurements/calculations (cont.)

Real-time Doppler auto measurements/calculations

PS (Peak Systole)

ED (End Diastole)

MD (Minimum Diastole)

PI (Pulsatility Index)

RI (Resistivity Index)

AT (Acceleration Time)

ACC (Acceleration)

PS/ED (PS/ED Ratio)

ED/PS (ED/PS Ratio)

HR (Heart Rate)

TAMAX (Time Averaged Maximum Velocity)

PVAL (Peak Velocity Value)

Volume Flow (TAMEAN and Vessel Area)

OB measurements/calculations (cont.)

Fetal graphical trending

Growth percentiles

Multi-gestational calculations (4)

Fetal qualitative description (anatomical survey)

Fetal environmental description (biophysical profile)

Programmable OB tables

Over 20 selectable OB calculations

Expanded worksheets

Estimated fetal weight (EFW) by:

AC, BPD

AC, BPD, FL

AC, BPD, FL, HC

AC, FL

AC, FL, HC

AC, HC

BPD, APTD, TTD, FL

BPD, APTD, TTD, SL

Calculations and ratios

FL/BPD

FL/AC

FL/HC

HC/AC

CI (Cephalic Index)

AFI (Amniotic Fluid Index)

CTAR (Cardio-Thoracic Area Ratio)

Measurements/calculations by: ASUM, ASUM 2001, Berkowitz, Bertagnoli, Brenner, Campbell, CFEF, Chitty, Eik-Nes Goldstein, Hadlock, Hansmann, Hellman, Hill, Hohler, Jeanty, JSUM, Kurtz, Mayden, Mercer, Merz, Moore, Nelson, Osaka University, Paris, Rempen, Robinson, Shepard, Shepard/Warsoff, Tokyo University, Tokyo/Shinozuka, Yarkoni

OB measure assistant

Allows automatic measurement of BPD, HC, FL and AC

User editable

Measurements/calculations (cont.)

GYN measurements/calculations

Right ovary length, width, height

Left ovary length, width, height

Uterus length, width, height

Cervix length, trace

Ovarian volume

ENDO (Endometrial thickness)

Ovarian RI

Uterine RI

Follicular measurements

Fibroid measurements

Pelvic floor measurements

Summary reports

Qualitative description (anatomical survey)

Urological calculations

Bladder volume

Prostate volume

Left/right renal volume

Generic volume

Post-void bladder volume

Pelvic floor measurements

Probes (all optional)

C1-6-D, XDclear convex probe

Applications: abdomen, OB/GYN, pediatric, peripheral vascular, general musculoskeletal

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H4917VB)

Bandwidth: 1.0 – 6.0 MHz

Number of elements: 192

Field of view (max): 70°

Physical foot print: 67 x 11 mm

B-Mode frequency: 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 4.0 MHz

Harmonic frequency: 2.5, 3.0, 4.5, 6.0 MHz

PW Doppler frequency: 1.7, 2.1, 2.5, 3.6 MHz

Color Doppler frequency: 1.8, 2.1, 2.5, 2.8, 3.0 MHz

C1-6VN-D, VNav inside XDclear convex probe

VNav sensor inside transducer for Volume Navigation tracking without sensor cables

Applications: abdomen, OB/GYN, pediatric, peripheral vascular, general musculoskeletal

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H4917VB)

Bandwidth: 1.0 – 6.0 MHz

Number of elements: 192

Field of view (max): 70°

Physical foot print: 67 x 11 mm

B-Mode frequency: 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 4.0 MHz

Harmonic frequency: 2.5, 3.0, 4.5, 6.0 MHz

PW Doppler frequency: 1.7, 2.1, 2.5, 3.6 MHz

Color Doppler frequency: 1.8, 2.1, 2.5, 2.8, 3.0 MHz

Vascular measurements/calculations

SYS DCCA (Systolic Distal Common Carotid Artery)

DIAS DCCA (Diastolic Distal Common Carotid Artery)

SYS MCCA (Systolic Mid Common Carotid Artery)

DIAS MCCA (Diastolic Mid Common Carotid Artery)

SYS PCCA (Systolic Proximal Common Carotid Artery)

DIAS PCCA (Diastolic Proximal Common Carotid Artery)

SYS DICA (Systolic Distal Internal Carotid Artery)

DIAS DICA (Systolic Distal Internal Carotid Artery)

SYS MICA (Systolic Mid Internal Carotid Artery)

DIAS MICA (Diastolic Mid Internal Carotid Artery)

SYS PICA (Systolic Proximal Internal Carotid Artery)

DIAS PICA (Diastolic Proximal Internal Carotid Artery)

SYS DECA (Systolic Distal External Carotid Artery)

DIAS DECA (Diastolic Distal External Carotid Artery)

SYS PECA (Systolic Proximal External Carotid Artery)

DIAS PECA (Diastolic Proximal External Carotid Artery)

VERT (Systolic Vertebral Velocity)

SUBCLAV (Systolic Subclavian Velocity)

Automatic IMT

Summary reports

Probes (cont.)

C2-9-D, XDclear convex probe

Applications: abdomen, OB/GYN, pediatric, peripheral vascular, neonatal, neonatal transcranial, general musculoskeletal

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H4913BA)

Bandwidth: 2.0 – 9.0 MHz

Number of elements: 192

Field of view (max): 80°

Physical foot print: 52 x 9 mm

B-Mode frequency: 3.0, 4.5, 6.0, 7.0 MHz

Harmonic frequency: 3.5, 5.0, 7.0, 9.0 MHz

PW Doppler frequency: 2.5, 3.1, 3.6, 4.2, 5.0, 6.3 MHz

Color Doppler frequency: 3.1, 4.2, 4.6, 5.4 MHz

C2-7-D, micro convex biopsy probe (cont.)

Harmonic frequency: 3.0, 4.0, 5.0, 6.0 MHz

PW Doppler frequency: 1.8, 2.1, 2.5, 3.1 MHz

Color Doppler frequency: 2.1, 2.4, 3.1, 3.7 MHz

C2-7VN-D, VNav inside micro convex biopsy probe

VNav sensor inside transducer for Volume Navigation tracking without sensor cables

Applications: abdomen, pediatric

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H40482LK), multi-angle, reusable stainless bracket (H40482LL)

Bandwidth: 1.0 – 6.0 MHz

Number of elements: 144

Field of view (max): 110°

Physical foot print

B-Mode frequency: 2.5, 4.0, 6.0 MHz

Harmonic frequency: 3.0, 4.0, 5.0, 6.0 MHz

PW Doppler frequency: 1.8, 2.1, 2.5, 3.1 MHz

Color Doppler frequency: 2.1, 2.4, 3.1, 3.7 MHz

C3-10-D, XDclear micro convex probe

Applications: neonatal, pediatric, peripheral vascular, neonatal transcranial, small parts

Bandwidth: 2.0 x 11.0 MHz

Number of elements: 192

Field of view (max): 95°

Physical foot print: 26 x 5 mm

B-Mode frequency: 4.0, 6.0, 8.0 MHz

Harmonic frequency: 6.0, 8.0, 10.0 MHz

PW Doppler frequency: 3.1, 4.2, 6.3, 7.1 MHz

Color Doppler frequency: 3.9, 5.3, 6.6 MHz

IC5-9-D, micro convex probe

Applications: OB/GYN, urology

Biopsy guide: single angle, disposable with a disposable bracket (E8385MJ) or reusable bracket (H40412LN)

Bandwidth: 3 – 10 MHz

Number of elements: 192

Field of view (max): 180°

Physical foot print: 26 x 6 mm

C2-7-D, micro convex biopsy probe

Applications: abdomen, pediatric

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H40482LK), multi-angle, reusable stainless bracket (H40482LL)

Bandwidth: 1.0 – 6.0 MHz

Number of elements: 144

Field of view (max): 110°

Physical foot print

B-Mode frequency: 2.5, 4.0, 6.0 MHz

Probes (cont.)

IC5-9-D, micro convex probe (cont.)

B-Mode frequency: 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 7.0, 8.0 MHz

Harmonic frequency: 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 9.0 MHz

PW Doppler frequency: 3.6, 4.2, 5.0, 6.3 MHz

Color Doppler frequency: 4.6, 5.9, 6.7 MHz

L2-9VN-D, VNav inside XDclear linear probe (cont.)

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H44901AM)

Bandwidth: 2.0 – 10.0 MHz

Number of elements: 192

Field of view (max): 44 mm

Physical foot print : 14 x 53 mm

B-Mode frequency: 4.0, 4.5, 5.0, 6.0, 7.0 MHz

Harmonic frequency: 5.0, 6.0, 7.0, 8.0, 9.0 MHz

PW Doppler frequency: 2.5, 2.8, 3.1, 3.6, 4.2, 5.0 MHz

Color Doppler frequency: 3.1, 4.0, 4.6, 5.3 MHz

M5Sc-D, XDclear sector probe

Applications: adult cardiac, pediatric cardiac, adult cephalic, abdominal

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H45561FC)

Bandwidth: 1.0 – 5.0 MHz

Number of elements: 288

Field of view (max): 120°

Physical foot print: 28 x 17 mm

B-mode frequency: 2.0,2.5,3.5,4.5 MHz

Harmonic frequency: 2.4, 3.0, 3.2, 3.3, 3.7, 4.0, 4.5, 4.6 MHz

PW Doppler frequency: 1.6,1.7,1.8,1.9,2.1,2.5,3.1,3.6 MHz

Color Doppler frequency: 1.8, 1.9, 2.2, 2.4, 2.5, 3.0, 3.1, 3.7, 3.8 MHz

ML6-15-D, matrix array linear probe

Applications: small parts, peripheral vascular, neonatal, pediatric, neonatal transcranial, general musculoskeletal, superficial musculoskeletal

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H40432LJ)

Bandwidth: 4 – 15.0 MHz

Number of elements: 1008

Field of view (max): 50 mm

Physical foot print: 50 x 6 mm

B-Mode frequency: 7.0, 9.0, 10.0, 11.0, 12.0, 15.0 MHz

Harmonic frequency: 10.0, 12.0, 14.0, 15.0 MHz

PW Doppler frequency: 5.0, 6.3, 8.3 MHz

Color Doppler frequency: 5.1, 6.1, 7.3, 8.2, 9.2, 10.3, 11.4, 12.4 MHz

L2-9-D, XDclear linear probe

L2-9-D, XDclear linear probe

Applications: peripheral vascular, small parts, pediatric, abdomen, OB/GYN, general musculoskeletal, superficial musculoskeletal, neonatal, neonatal transcranial

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H44901AM)

Bandwidth: 2.0 – 10.0 MHz

Number of elements: 192

Field of view (max): 44mm

Physical foot print : 14 x 53 mm

B-mode frequency: 4.0, 4.5, 5.0, 6.0, 7.0 MHz

Harmonic frequency: 5.0, 6.0, 7.0, 8.0, 9.0 MHz

PW Doppler frequency: 2.5, 2.8, 3.1, 3.6, 4.2, 5.0 MHz

Color Doppler frequency: 3.1, 4.0, 4.6, 5.3 MHz

L8-18i-D, linear probe

Applications: small parts, peripheral vascular, neonatal, neonatal transcranial, general musculoskeletal, superficial musculoskeletal, intraoperative

Bandwidth: 4.0 – 15.0 MHz

Number of elements: 168

Field of view (max): 25 mm

Physical foot print: 35 x 10 mm

B-Mode frequency: 7.0, 9.0, 13.0, 16.0 MHz

Harmonic frequency: 14.0, 16.0, 18.0 MHz

PW Doppler frequency: 5.0, 6.3, 7.1, 8.3 MHz

Color Doppler frequency: 6.3, 6.7, 9.6, 10.5 MHz

L2-9VN-D, VNav inside XDclear linear probe

VNav sensor inside transducer for Volume Navigation tracking without sensor cables

Applications: peripheral vascular, small parts, pediatric, abdomen, OB/GYN, general musculoskeletal, superficial musculoskeletal, neonatal, neonatal transcranial

Probes (cont.)

RAB6-D, convex volume probe

Applications: abdomen, OB/GYN, pediatric, neonatal

Biopsy guide: single angle, reusable bracket (H46701AE)

Bandwidth: 2.0 – 8.0 MHz

Number of elements: 192

Field of view (max): 80°

Physical foot print: 62 x 34 mm

B-Mode frequency: 3.5, 5.0, 8.0 MHz

Harmonic frequency: 4.0, 5.0, 6.5, 8.0 MHz

PW Doppler frequency: 3.1, 4.2, 5.0 MHz

Color Doppler frequency: 2.8, 3.5, 3.8 MHz

6Tc-RS, trans-esophageal probe (cont.)

Harmonic frequency: 6 MHz

PW Doppler frequency: 3.1, 3.6, 4.2, 5.0, 6.3 MHz

Color Doppler frequency: 3.3, 4.1, 4.7, 5.5 MHz

External Inputs and outputs (not including on-board peripherals)

HDMI

Ethernet

Multiple USB 3.0 ports

Safety conformance

The LOGIQ E10 is:

Classified to UL 60601-1 by a Nationally Recognized Test Lab

Certified to CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 601.1-M90 by an SCC accredited test lab

CE Marked to Council Directive 93/42/EEC on medical devices

Compliant to Council Directive 2011/65/EU for RoHS

Conforms to the following standards for safety (including national deviations)

- IEC 60601-1 Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for safety
- IEC 60601-1-2 Medical electrical equipment – Part 1-2 General requirements for safety – Collateral Standard: Electromagnetic compatibility – requirements and tests
- IEC 62366 Medical Devices – Application of Usability Engineering to Medical Devices
- IEC 62304 Medical device software – Software life-cycle processes
- IEC 60601-2-37 Medical electrical equipment – Part 2-37: Particular requirements for the safety of ultrasonic medical diagnostic and monitoring equipment
- ISO 10993-1 Biological evaluation of medical devices – Part 1 Evaluation and testing
- NEMA UD2 Acoustic output measurement standard for diagnostic ultrasound equipment
- NEMA UD3 Standard for real time display of thermal and mechanical acoustic output indices on diagnostic ultrasound equipment (MI, TIS, TIB, TIC)
- EMC Emissions Group 1 Class A device requirements as per Sub clause 4.2 of CISPR 11

P2D, CW split crystal probe

Applications: adult cardiac, pediatric cardiac, peripheral vascular, adult cephalic

Frequency: 2.1 MHz

6Tc-RS, trans-esophageal probe

Applications: adult cardiac

Bandwidth: 2.0 – 8.0 MHz

Number of elements: 64

Field of view (max): 90°

Physical foot print: 37 x 13 x 10 mm

B-Mode frequency: 5.0, 6.0, 6.5 MHz

Supplement: cardiac measurements/calculations

B-Mode measurements		B-Mode measurements (cont.)	
Aorta	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Aortic Root Diameter (Ao Root Diam) Aortic Arch Diameter (Ao Arch Diam) Ascending Aortic diameter (Ao Asc) Descending Aortic Diameter (Ao Desc Diam) Aorta Isthmus (Ao Isthmus) Aorta (Ao st junct) 	Left ventricle (cont.)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Left Ventricle Stroke Index, Single Plane, Four Chamber, Method of Disk (LVI Dd, LVIDs, LVSD, LVSS) Left Ventricle Stroke Index, Bi-Plane, Bullet, Method of Disk (LVAd, LVAs) Interventricular Septum (IVS) Left Ventricle Internal Diameter (LVI D) Left Ventricle Posterior Wall Thickness (LVPW)
Aortic valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Aortic Valve Cusp Separation (AV Cusp) Aortic Valve Area Planimetry (AVA Planimetry) (Trans AVA) 	Mitral valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mitral Valve Annulus Diameter (MV Ann Diam) E-Point-to-Septum Separation (EPSS) Mitral Valve Area Planimetry (MVA Planimetry)
Left atrium	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Left Atrium Diameter (LA Diam) LA Length (LA Major) LA Width (LA Minor) Left Atrium Diameter to AoRoot Diameter Ratio (LA/Ao ratio) Left Atrium Area (LAA(d), LAA(s)) Left Atrium Volume, Single Plane, Method of Disk (LAEDV A2C, LAESV A2C) (LAEDV A4C, LAESV A4C) 	Pulmonic valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pulmonic Valve Area (PV Planimetry) Pulmonic Valve Annulus Diameter (PV Annulus Diam) Pulmonic Diameter (Pulmonic Diam)
Left ventricle	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Left Ventricle Mass (LVPWd, LVPWs) Left Ventricle Volume, Teichholz/Cubic (LVIDd, LVI Ds) Left Ventricle Internal Diameter (LVIDd, LVI Ds) Left Ventricle Length (LVLD, LVLs) Left Ventricle Outflow Tract Diameter (LVOT Diam) Left Ventricle Posterior Wall Thickness (LVPWd, LVPWs) Left Ventricle Length (LV Major) Left Ventricle Width (LV Minor) Left Ventricle Outflow Tract Area (LVOT) Left Ventricle Area, Two Chamber/Four Chamber/Short Axis (LVA (d), LVA (s)) Left Ventricle Endocardial Area, Width (LVA (d), LVA(s)) Left Ventricle Epicardial Area, Length (LVAepi (d), LVAepi (s)) Left Ventricle Mass Index (LVPWd, LVPWs) Ejection Fraction, Teichholz/Cube (LVIDd, LVIDs) Left Ventricle Posterior Wall Fractional Shortening (LVPWd, LVPWs) Left Ventricle Stroke Index, Teichholz/Cube (LVIDd, LVIDs and Body Surface Area) Left Ventricle Fractional Shortening (LVIDd, LVIDs) Left Ventricle Stroke Volume, Teichholz/Cubic (LVIDd, LVIDs) Left Ventricle Stroke Index, Single Plane, Two Chamber, Method of Disk (LVI Dd, LVIDs, LVSD, LVSS) 	Right atrium	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Right Atrium Diameter, Length (RAD Ma) Right Atrium Diameter, Width (RAD Mi) Right Atrium Area (RAA) Right Atrium Volume, Single Plane, Method of Disk (RAAd) Right Atrium Volume, Systolic, Single Plane, Method of Disk (RAAs)
		Right ventricle	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Right Ventricle Outflow Tract Area (RVOT Planimetry) Left Pulmonary Artery Area (LPA Area) Right Pulmonary Artery Area (RPA Area) Right Ventricle Internal Diameter (RVIDd, RVIDs) Right Ventricle Diameter, Length (RVD Ma) Right Ventricle Diameter, Width (RVD Mi) Right Ventricle Wall Thickness (RVAWd, RVAWs) Right Ventricle Outflow Tract Diameter (RVOT Diam) Left Pulmonary Artery (LPA) Main Pulmonary Artery (MPA) Right Pulmonary Artery (RPA)
		System inferior vena cava	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Systemic Vein Diameter (Systemic Diam) Patent Ductus Arteriosis Diameter (PDA Diam) Pericard Effusion (PEs) Patent Foramen Ovale Diameter (PFO Diam) Ventricular Septal Defect Diameter (VSD Diam) Interventricular Septum (IVS) Fractional Shortening (IVSd, IVSs)

Supplement: cardiac measurements/calculations (cont.)

B-Mode measurements (cont.)		Doppler Mode measurements
Tricuspid valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tricuspid Valve Area (TV Panimetry) • Tricuspid Valve Annulus Diameter (TV Annulus Diam) 	Aortic valve <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aortic Insufficiency Mean Pressure Gradient (AR Trace) • Aortic Insufficiency Peak Pressure Gradient (AR Vmax) • Aortic Insufficiency End Diastole Pressure Gradient (AR Trace) • Aortic Insufficiency Mean Velocity (AR Trace) • Aortic Insufficiency Velocity Time Integral (AR Trace) • Aortic Valve Mean Velocity (AV Trace) • Aortic Valve Velocity Time Integral (AV Trace) • Aortic Valve Mean Pressure Gradient (AV Trace) • Aortic Valve Peak Pressure Gradient (AR Vmax) • Aortic Insufficiency Peak Velocity (AR Vmax) • Aortic Insufficiency End-Diastolic Velocity(AR Trace) • Aortic Valve Peak Velocity (AV Vmax) • Aortic Valve Peak Velocity at Point E (AV Vmax) • Aorta Proximal Coarctation (Coarc Pre-Duct) • Aorta Distal Coarctation (Coarc Post-Duct) • Aortic Valve Insufficiency Pressure Half Time (AR PHT) • Aortic Valve Flow Acceleration (AV Trace) • Aortic Valve Pressure Half Time (AV Trace) • Aortic Valve Acceleration Time (AV Acc Time) • Aortic Valve Deceleration Time (AV Dec Time) • Aortic Valve Ejection Time (AVET) • Aortic Valve Acceleration to Ejection Time Ratio (AV Acc Time, AVET) • Aortic Valve Area(VTI): AVA (Vmax)
M-Mode measurements		
Aorta	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aortic Root Diameter (Ao Root Diam) • Aortic Valve • Aortic Valve Diameter (AV Diam) • Aortic Valve Cusp separation (AV Cusp) • Aortic Valve Ejection Time (LVET) 	Left ventricle <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Left Ventricle Outflow Tract Peak Pressure Gradient (LVOT Vmax) • Left Ventricle Outflow Tract Peak Velocity (LVOT Vmax) • Left Ventricle Outflow Tract Mean Pressure Gradient (LVOT Trace) • Left Ventricle Outflow Tract Mean Velocity (LVOT Trace) • Left Ventricle Outflow Tract Velocity Time Integral (LVOT Trace) • Left Ventricle Ejection Time (LVET)
Left atrium	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Left Atrium Diameter to AoRoot Diameter Ratio (LA/Ao Ratio) • Left Atrium Diameter (LA Diam) 	Mitral valve <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mitral Valve Regurgitant Flow Acceleration (MR Trace) • Mitral Valve Regurgitant Mean Velocity (MR Trace) • Mitral Regurgitant Mean Pressure Gradient (MR Trace) • Mitral Regurgitant Velocity Time Integral (MR Trace) • Mitral Valve Mean Velocity (MV Trace)
Left ventricle	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Left Ventricle Volume, Teichholz/Cubic (LVIDd, LVI Ds) • Left Ventricle Internal Diameter (LVIDd, LVI Ds) • Left Ventricle Posterior Wall Thickness (LVPWd, LVPWs) • Left Ventricle Ejection Time (LVET) • Left Ventricle Pre-Ejection Period (LVEP) • Interventricular Septum (IVS) • Left Ventricle Internal Diameter (LVI D) • Left Ventricle Posterior Wall Thickness (LVPW) 	Pulmonic valve <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • QRS Complex to End of Envelope (Q-PV close)
Mitral valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • E-Point-to-Septum Separation (EPSS) • Mitral Valve Leaflet Separation (D-E Excursion) • Mitral Valve Anterior Leaflet Excursion (D-E Excursion) • Mitral valve D-E Slope (D-E Slope) • Mitral Valve E-F Slope (E-F Slope) 	Right ventricle <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Right Ventricle Internal Diameter (RVIDd, RVIDs) • Right Ventricle Wall Thickness (RVAWd, RVAWs) • Right Ventricle Outflow Tract Diameter (RVOT Diam) • Right Ventricle Ejection Time (RVET) • Right Ventricle Pre-Ejection Period (RVEP)
System	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pericard Effusion (PE (d)) 	Tricuspid valve <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • QRS Complex to End of Envelope (Q-TV close)

Supplement: cardiac measurements/calculations (cont.)

Doppler Mode measurements (cont.)	Doppler Mode measurements (cont.)
Mitral valve (cont.)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mitral Valve Velocity Time Integral (MV Trace) Mitral Valve Mean Pressure Gradient (MV Trace) Mitral Regurgitant Peak Pressure Gradient (MR Vmax) Mitral Valve Peak Pressure Gradient (MV Vmax) Mitral Regurgitant Peak Velocity (MR Vmax) Mitral Valve Peak Velocity (MV Vmax) Mitral Valve Velocity Peak A (MV A Velocity) Mitral Valve Velocity Peak E (MV E Velocity) Mitral Valve Area According to PHT (MV PHT) Mitral Valve Flow Deceleration (MV DecT) Mitral Valve Pressure Half Time (MV PHT) Mitral Valve Flow Acceleration (MV AccT) Mitral Valve E-Peak to A-Peak Ratio (A-C and D-E) (MV E/ARatio) Mitral Valve Acceleration Time (MV Acc Time) Mitral Valve Deceleration Time (MV Dec Time) Mitral Valve Ejection Time ((MVET) Mitral Valve A-Wave Duration (MV A Dur) Mitral Valve Time to Peak (MV TTP) Mitral Valve Acceleration Time/Deceleration Time Ratio (MVAcc/Dec Time) Stroke Volume Index by Mitral Flow (MVA Planimetry, MVTrace)
Pulmonic valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pulmonic Insufficiency Peak Pressure Gradient (PR Vmax) Pulmonic Insufficiency End-Diastolic Pressure Gradient (PRTrace) Pulmonic Valve Peak Pressure Gradient (PV Vmax) Pulmonic Insufficiency Peak Velocity (PR Vmax) Pulmonic Insufficiency End-Diastolic Velocity (Prend Vmax) Pulmonic Valve Peak Velocity (PV Vmax) Pulmonary Artery Diastolic Pressure (PV Trace) Pulmonic Insufficiency Mean Pressure Gradient (PR Trace) Pulmonic Valve Mean Pressure Gradient (PV Trace) Pulmonic Insufficiency Mean Square Root Velocity (PR Trace) Pulmonic Insufficiency Velocity Time Integral (PR Trace) Pulmonic Valve Mean Velocity (PV Trace) Pulmonic Valve Velocity Time Integral (PV Trace)
Right ventricle	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Right Ventricle Outflow Tract Peak Pressure Gradient (RVOT Vmax) Right Ventricle Outflow Tract Peak Velocity (RVOT Vmax) Right Ventricle Outflow Tract Velocity Time Integral (RVOTTrace) Right Ventricle Ejection Time (RV Trace) Stroke Volume by Pulmonic Flow (RVOT Planimetry, RVOTTrace) Right Ventricle Stroke Volume Index by Pulmonic Flow (RVOT Planimetry, RVOT Trace)
System	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pulmonary Artery Peak Velocity (PV Vmax) Pulmonary Vein Velocity Peak A (Reverse) (P Vein A) Pulmonary Vein Peak Velocity (P Vein D, P Vein S) Systemic Vein Peak Velocity (PDA Diastolic, PDA Systolic) Ventricular Septal Defect Peak Velocity (VSD Vmax) Atrial Septal Defect (ASD Diastolic, ASD Systolic) Pulmonary Vein A-Wave Duration (P Vein A Dur) IsoVolumetric Relaxation Time (IVRT) IsoVolumetric Contraction Time (IVCT) Pulmonary Vein S/D Ratio (P Vein D, P Vein S) Ventricular Septal Defect Peak Pressure Gradient (VSD Vmax) Pulmonic-to-Systemic Flow Ratio (Qp/Qs)
Tricuspid valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tricuspid Regurgitant Peak Pressure Gradient (TR Vmax) Tricuspid Valve Peak Pressure Gradient (TV Vmax) Tricuspid Regurgitant Peak Velocity (TR Vmax) Tricuspid Valve Peak Velocity (TV Vmax) Tricuspid Valve Velocity Peak A (TV A Velocity)

Supplement: cardiac measurements/calculations (cont.)

Doppler Mode measurements (cont.)

Tricuspid valve (cont.)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tricuspid Valve Velocity Peak E (TV E Velocity) • Tricuspid Regurgitant Mean Pressure Gradient (TR Trace) • Tricuspid Valve Mean Pressure Gradient (TV Trace) • Tricuspid Regurgitant Mean Velocity (TR Trace) • Tricuspid Regurgitant Velocity Time Integral (TR Trace) • Tricuspid Valve Mean Velocity (TV Trace) • Tricuspid Valve Velocity Time Integral (TV Trace) • Tricuspid Valve Time to Peak (TV TTP) • Tricuspid Valve Ejection Time (TV Acc/Dec Time) • Tricuspid Valve A-Wave Duration (TV A Dur) • QRS Complex to End of Envelope (Q-TV Close) • Tricuspid Valve Pressure Half Time (TV PHT) • Stroke Volume by Tricuspid Flow (TV Planimetry, TV Trace) • Tricuspid Valve E-Peak to A-Peak Ratio (TV E/A Velocity)
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Combination Mode measurements (cont.)

Aortic valve (cont.)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stroke Volume by Aortic Flow (AVA Planimetry, AV Trace) • Cardiac Output by Aortic Flow (AVA Planimetry, AV Trace, HR) • Aortic Valve Area by Continuity Equation VTI (Ao Root Diam, LVOT Vmax, AV Trace)
Left ventricle	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cardiac Output, Teichholz/Cubic (LVIDd, LVI Ds, HR) • Cardiac Output Two Chamber, Single Plane, Area-Length/Method of Disk(Simpson) (LVAd, LVAs, HR) • Cardiac Output Four Chamber, Single Plane, Area-Length/Method of Disk (Simpson) (LVAd, LVAs, HR) • Ejection Fraction Two Chamber, Single Plane, Area-Length/Method of Disk (Simpson) (LVAd, LVAs) • Ejection Fraction Four Chamber, Single Plane, Area-Length/Method of Disk (Simpson) (LVAd, LVAs) • Left Ventricle Stroke Volume, Single Plane, Two Chamber/Four Chamber, Area-Length (LVAd, LVAs) • Left Ventricle Stroke Volume, Single Plane, Two Chamber/Four Chamber, Method of Disk (Simpson) (LVIDd, LVIDs, LVAd, LVAs) • Left Ventricle Volume, Two Chamber/Four Chamber, Area-Length (LVAd, LVAs) • Ejection Fraction, Bi-Plane, Method of Disk (LVAd, LVAs, 2CH, 4CH) • Left Ventricle Stroke Volume, Bi-Plane, Method of Disk (LVAd, LVAs, 2CH, 4CH) • Left Ventricle Volume, Bi-Plane, Method of Disk (LVAd, LVAs, 2CH, 4CH) • Left Ventricle Stroke Index, Single Plane, Two Chamber/Four Chamber, Area-Length (LVsd, LVSs and BSA) • Left Ventricle Volume, Single Plane, Two Chamber/Four Chamber, Method of Disk (LVAd, LVAs) • Left Ventricle Volume, Apical View, Long Axis, Method of Disk (LVAd, LVAs)
Mitral valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stroke Volume by Mitral Flow (MVA Planimetry, MV Trace) • Cardiac Output by Mitral Flow (MVA Planimetry, MV Trace, HR)
Pulmonic valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stroke Volume by Pulmonic Flow (PV Planimetry, PV Trace) • Cardiac Output by Pulmonic Flow (PV Planimetry, PV Trace, HR)
Tricuspid valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cardiac Output by Tricuspid Flow (TV Planimetry, TV Trace, HR)

Combination Mode measurements

Aortic valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aortic Valve Area (Ao Root Diam, LVOT Vmax, AV Vmax) • Aortic Valve Area by Continuity Equation by Peak Velocity (Ao Root Diam, LVOT Vmax, AV Vmax)
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Supplement: cardiac measurements/calculations (cont.)

Cardiac worksheet

Parameter: Lists the mode, the measurement folder and the specific measurement

Measured Value: Up to six measurement values for each item.
Average, maximum, minimum or last

Generic study in cardiology

Stroke Volume (SV)

Cardiac Output (CO)

Imagination at work

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August 2018
DOC2133956

